

wherein said labeled standard DNA comprises a double stranded nucleic acid having a site capable of binding to a solid support on one strand and a detectable label on the other strand;

amplifying said particular region of said analyte nucleic acid which is present in said specimen to prepare said double stranded sample DNA, for competitive hybridization wherein said sample DNA comprises both wild-type and mutated or polymorphic target DNA in an amplifiable amount;

selecting a detection limit for said mutated or polymorphic target DNA, wherein when the detection limit for the target DNA present in said sample DNA is A/B , the excessiveness of said sample DNA is at least B/A , and wherein A/B is the fractional equivalent of the percentage of target DNA content in the sample DNA;

adding an excessive amount of said sample DNA to said labeled standard DNA, to allow competitive hybridization to take place between said target DNA and labeled standard DNA under conditions which allow for hybridization of at least some of said labeled standard DNA and under conditions wherein non-target sample DNA does not hybridize with said labeled standard DNA, wherein the excessiveness of said sample DNA added to said labeled standard DNA in the competitive hybridization is selected in accordance with the pre-selected detection limit,

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with
detecting the hybridized labeled standard DNA by utilizing
said detectable label and said site capable of binding to a solid
support; and

evaluating the degree of exchange that occurred during
competitive hybridization of the complementary strands between said
sample DNA and said labeled standard DNA.
